



財團法人國家實驗研究院

國家高速網路與計算中心

NATIONAL CENTER FOR HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING

自由軟體應用於個人電腦叢集技術的成功 案例 - DRBL (無碟遠端開機) 軟體

蕭志楳 孫振凱 王耀聰 蔡育欽

<http://drbl.nchc.org.tw>, <http://drbl.sf.net>

國家高速網路與計算中心

National Center for High-Performance Computing (NCHC)

Aug, 2006



DRBL and Clonezilla

- Diskless Remote Boot in Linux (DRBL) provides a diskless or systemless environment for client machines.
 - Unlike LTSP (Linux Terminal Server Project), DRBL uses distributed hardware resources and makes it possible for clients to fully access local hardware.
 - Peacefully coexist with the OS in client's local HD
 - Client machines are plug-and-play
- Clonezilla is a partitioning and disk cloning utility similar to Symantec Ghost or Rembo.
 - Unicast or multicast clone



Free Software Smart Classroom, FSSC

- Free software projects developed by NCHC Free Software Labs
- Our goal
 - FSSC (Free Software Smart Classroom)
 - DRBL, Clonezilla
 - Multicast VNC
 - Access Grid, E-learning
 - Cluster computing ready classroom
 - Grid computing ready classroom



DRBL - Diskless Remote Boot in Linux

- ✓ PXE/Etherboot + NFS + NIS - standing on a giant's shoulder

Orig: PC Cluster -> Free Software Classroom

1. Multi environment in computer classroom

- Linux & M\$ Windows coexist

2. Simplify the management

- All services and programs are in one server, you do not have to check every client
- OS and packages are installed once in DRBL server.

3. Hardware and installation are simplified, but software is full and all ready for clients!



DRBL and LTSP

- **Since there is LTSP, why DRBL ?**
 - Centralized resource vs. distributed resource
 - Thin client vs. powerful client
 - **Some people want to play 3D game or video in client, i.e. they need client's computing power**
 - Special features for DRBL
 - Clonezilla
 - One command to switch client environment
 - DRBL, FreeDOS, OS in local HD, memtest...
 - Linux network installation
 - DRBL is not suitable for old machines/thin clients
 - Choose what you need



Clonezilla

- ✓ Clonezilla [OCS (Opensource Clone System)]

- With partimage (<http://www.partimage.org>), ntfsclone, and udpcast (<http://udpcast.linux.lu/>), Clonezilla is a partitioning and disk cloning utility similar to Symantec Ghost or Rembo.
- In NCHC PC classroom, it takes about 50 minutes to clone 3.5 GBytes M\$ windows XP image for 36 clients. For multicast cloning, it takes about only 10 minutes.

- ✓ Save and restore different OS images

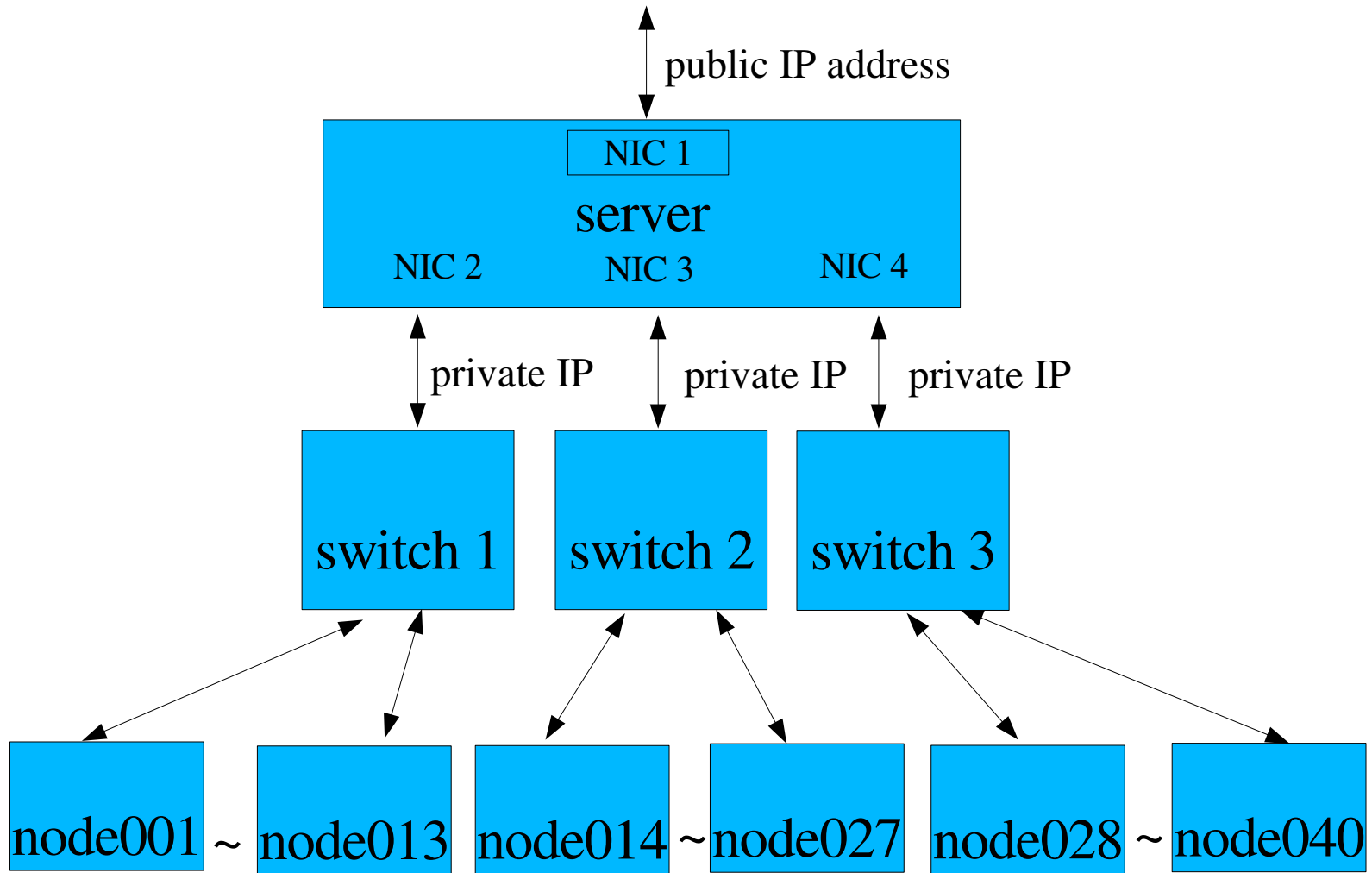
- ✓ GNU/Linux, M\$ windows
- ✓ File system: ext2/3, xfs, jfs, reiserfs, ntfs, fat.
- ✓ Supports LVM2

- ✓ DRBL-winRoll

- ✓ A DRBL extension in M\$ windows, (1) change hostname automatically after cloning (2) accept command from server.



DRBL Environment



DRBL



server



switch



client nodes



DHCP

———— IP ———▶

pxe/etherboot

192.168.0.1

pxe/etherboot

172.16.100.10

TFTP

———— kernel ———▶

boot

boot

NFS

———— file system ———▶

/, /usr, /home ...

/, /usr, /home ...

NIS

———— account ———▶

user login

user login

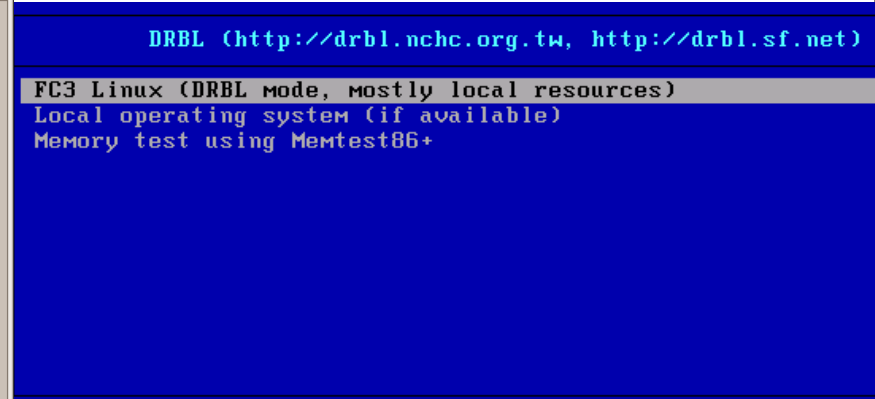
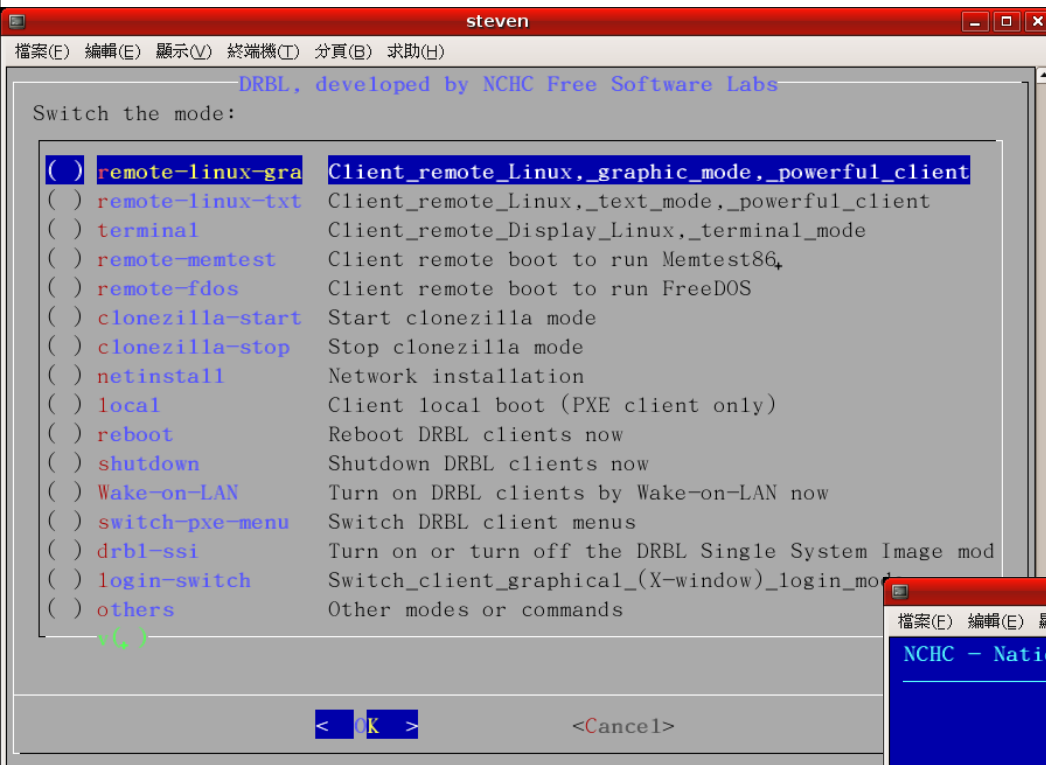


Installation

- <http://drbl.nchc.org.tw>; <http://drbl.sf.net>
- GNU/Linux distributions
 - i386/X86_64 platform
 - Debian Woody(3.0)/Sarge(3.1)/Etch, B2D, Ubuntu Breezy(5.10)/Dapper(6.06),
 - RedHat Linux 8.0, 9, Fedora Core 1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
 - Mandrake 9.2, 10.0, 10.1, Mandriva LE2005 (10.2), 2006,
 - CentOS 4 (4.1, 4.2, 4.3)
 - SuSE 9.3, 10.0, 10.1, OpenSuSE 10.0, 10.1
- 4 steps to install
 - Install GNU/Linux
 - Install DRBL package
 - Configure server
 - Configure client



DRBL and Clonezilla



個人電腦叢集成功案例

- ✓ 國家高速網路與計算中心
 - ✓ Formosa 1: 150 nodes, Xeon 3.0G*2/node, gigabits switch, Using Clonezilla
 - ✓ Formosa 2: 82 nodes AMD Opteron 275*2/node (IBM e326), gigabits switch, using Clonezilla



個人電腦叢集成功案例 (續)

- ✓ 國立交通大學生物科技學系 / 生物資訊中心
 - ✓ Server: Dual Intel Xeon/Nocona 3.4GHz
 - ✓ 15 nodes of dual Intel Xeon/Nocona 2.8 GHz
 - ✓ 48 gigabits ports switch
 - ✓ Using DRBL
- ✓ 國立交通大學分子中心
 - ✓ 16 nodes AMD Opteron 275*2/Node gigabits switch, using Clonezilla
- ✓ 台北教育大學自然科學教育學系
 - ✓ 5 nodes AMD Opteron 275*2/Node (IBM e326) gigabits switch, using Clonezilla



叢集計算上相關文章，論文與報導 (續)

- ✓ Performance Evaluation of SLIM and DRBL Diskless PC Clusters on Fedora Core 3
 - ✓ Authors: Chao-Tung Yang; Ping-I Chen; Ya-Ling Chen, Tunghai University, Taiwan, R.O.C
 - ✓ Parallel and Distributed Computing, Applications and Technologies, 2005. PDCAT 2005. Sixth International Conference on 05-08 Dec. 2005 Page(s):479 - 482
- ✓ Implement the PIC-MCC simulation of ECR plasma source on PC cluster with DRBL, an effective approach to integrate PC cluster
 - ✓ Authors: Shiau, J.H.; Hu, Y.; Lin, T.L.; Huang, K.L.
 - ✓ Cellular Neural Networks and Their Applications, 2005 9th International Workshop on 28-30 May 2005 Page(s):311 - 314



叢集計算上相關文章，論文與報導 (續)

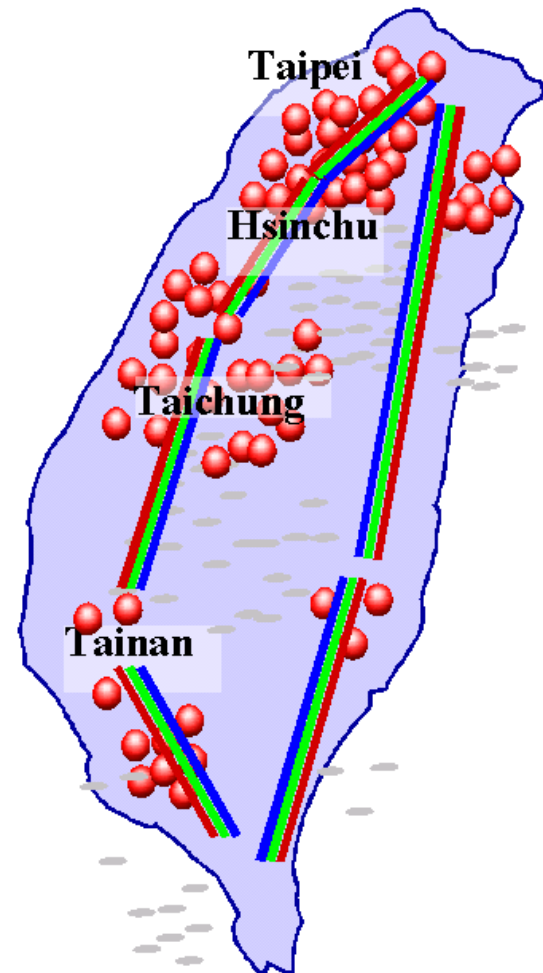
- ✓ Condor: Building a Linux cluster on a budget
 - ✓ Author: Bruno Goncalves
 - ✓ <http://servers.linux.com/article.pl?sid=05/11/08/1940210&tid=44>
- ✓ Condor and DRBL
 - ✓ Authors: Bruno Goncalves & Stefan Boettcher. Emory University
 - ✓ Condor Week, University of Wisconsin, Madison, Wisconsin. April 24-27, 2006
 - ✓ http://www.cs.wisc.edu/condor/CondorWeek2006/presentations/goncalves_condor_drbl.ppt
- DRBL 與 Clonezilla 在 Linux Magazine 69 期 (Aug 2006)
 - http://www.linux-magazine.com/issue/69/Linux_World_News.pdf



Known sites/users in Taiwan

- Known sites/users about 310

- Public Sector
 - Primary/High school 102
 - University 68
 - Hospital 3
 - TV station 1
 - Government 7
 - NPOs 18
- SMB 78
- Misc 35



*Statistics on 2006/5/29



DRBL/Clonezilla users around the world

- Japan
 - Osaka Prefecture University
 - Tokyo Christian University
- Canada
 - Department of Education, Province of Nova Scotia
- Holland
 - NCCW (National Computer Centre Wonen)
- Indonesia
 - E-learning Centre, Aceh
 - Index Opensource Cafe, Manado (North Sulawesi)



DRBL/Clonezilla users around the world

- Portugal
 - College ISPGaya
- USA
 - Internet Cafe @ Chicago
 - University of Louisville
- Brazil, France, Germany, Sweden, UK...





財團法人國家實驗研究院

國家高速網路與計算中心

NATIONAL CENTER FOR HIGH-PERFORMANCE COMPUTING

Question ?

